**Chapter 11-Powers of Congress**

**Vocabulary Terms**

**Expressed Powers-**Powers afforded to the government explicitly and in specific wording in the constitution

**Implied Powers-**Powers afforded to the government by reasonable deduction from the expressed powers

**Inherent Powers-**Powers afforded to the government because it created a national government

**Commerce Power-**The power of Congress to regulate interstate and foreign trade

**Tax-**Charge levied by government on persons or property to raise money to meet public needs

**Copyright-**The exclusive, legal right of a person to reproduce, publish, and sell his or her own literary, musical, or artistic creations

**Patent-**A license issued to an inventor granting the exclusive right to manufacture, use, or sell his or her inventions for a limited period of time

**Naturalization-**The legal process by which citizens of one country become citizens of another

**Necessary and Proper Clause-**Constitutional clause that gives Congress the power to make all laws “necessary and proper” for executing its powers

**Liberal Constructionists-**One who argues a broad interpretation of the provisions of the Constitution, particularly those granting powers to the Federal Government

**Strict Constructionists-**One who argues a narrow interpretation of the Constitution’s provisions, in particular those granting powers to the Federal government