

## Clues to Earth's Past

## I. Testing Concepts

**Directions:** Fill in the blanks to complete the sentences.

1.	Fossils an	re the remains,, or traces of prehistoric organisms.
2.	The relat	tive age of something is its age to other things.
3.	The	is the age, in years, of a rock or other object.
4.		uses the half-life of an object to determine its age.
5.	Theisotope t	of an isotope is the time it takes for half of the atoms in the o decay.
6.	In the protection other iso	ocess of, some isotopes are unstable and break into topes and particles, giving off energy.
		Determine whether the statements below are <b>true</b> or <b>false</b> . Rewrite the underlined word(s) in the nts to make them correct.
	7 <b>.</b>	Fossils are evidence of not only when and where <u>animals</u> once lived, but also how they lived.
	8.	Coal provides a good fossil resource.
-	9.	For a fossil to be an index fossil, it must be spread over a wide area, and the organism must have lived over a <u>long</u> period of time.
×	10.	The principle of superposition states that in undisturbed layers of rock, the <u>oldest</u> rocks are at the top.
	11.	Gaps in rock sequence are called <u>radioactive decay</u> .
	12.	Hydrogen is useful for dating bones, wood, and charcoal up to 75,000 years old.
	13.	<u>Uniformitarianism</u> states that Earth processes occurring today are similar to those that occurred in the past.