

Ismee: \_\_\_\_\_

Date and Day \_\_\_\_\_

# Arabic Packet

## Arabic Basics

Greetings	Arabic Pronunciation
Hello	Marhaba
Good morning	Sabah Ul-Khayr

Written Form

مرحباً  
صباح الخير

### Asking...

How are you?	Keef-Halak
--------------	------------

كيف حالك؟

### Answering...

I am fine.	Bi-Khayr
I am ok.	Jey-ed
I am bad.	Sey-yet

بخير  
جيد  
سلي

### Names...

What's your name?	Shou ismak?
My name is...	Ismee...

ما اسمك؟  
اسمي

### Simple answers...

Yes	Na'am
No	Keh-la

نعم  
لا / كلا

### Titles

Mr.	Es-sayed
Mrs.	Es-sayed-ah
Ms.	El-aneesa

السيد  
السيدة  
الانسة

### Manners

Please	Min Fadlak
Thank you	Shukran
You're welcome	Afwan

من فضلك  
شكراً  
عفواً

### Salutations

Good-bye	Ma salameh
Good afternoon	Masa' al-kheir
Good night	Tisbah al-kheir

مع السلامة  
مساء الخير  
تصبح على خير

### Homework: Create an Arabic conversation.

Include the following:

- 2 different greetings
- Asking and responding with a name
- Asking and responding how you are feeling
- 2 different good-byes

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

B: \_\_\_\_\_

Write additional words below you've learned in Arabic. Only write the pronunciation.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

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# Arabic Numbers

Number	Pronunciation	Written Form	#	Pronunciation	Written Form
0	Sifr	صفر ٠			
1	Wahid	واحد ١	10	ashra	عشرة ١٠
2	Ithnayn	اثنان ٢	20	ashroon	عشرين ٢٠
3	Thalatha	ثلاثة ٣	30	theleh-thoon	ثلاثين ٣٠
4	Arba'a	أربعة ٤	40	arbayeen	أربعين ٤٠
5	Khamisa	خمسة ٥	50	khamseen	خمسين ٥٠
6	Sitta	ستة ٦	60	sit'een	ستين ٦٠
7	Sab'a	سبعة ٧	70	sebah-een	سبعين ٧٠
8	Thamanya	ثمانية ٨	80	thamah-neen	ثمانين ٨٠
9	Tis'a	تسعة ٩	90	tis-ah-een	تسعين ٩٠
10	ashra	عشرة ١٠	100	mee-ah	مائة ١٠٠
11	aheda-ashar	أحدى عشر ١١	<p>What is your phone number?  <b>Pronounce: (Meh-hoo-ah oorak-moo heh teesek ?)</b>  ما هو رقم هاتفك؟</p> <p>My phone number is - - - - - .  <b>Pronunciation: (Rak moo he-tesee...)</b>  رقم هاتفي -----</p> <p><b>Homework: Create a short conversation in Arabic asking the following:</b>  What is your phone number?  My phone number is --- ----  (answer with your phone # in word form...  example: <b>Khamisa-Ithnayn-Wahid-Thalatha-Thamanya-Wahid-Wahid</b></p> <p>Question: _____</p> <p>Answer: _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>		
12	ithnah-ashar	إثنا عشر ١٢			
13	saleh-sedah-ashar	ثلاثة عشر ١٣			
14	arbaa-adar-ashar	أربعة عشر ١٤			
15	khmas-sitta-ashar	خمسة عشر ١٥			
16	sitta da-ashar	ستة عشر ١٦			
17	sat'ah-adar-ashar	سبعة عشر ١٧			
18	semeneeyetah-ashar	ثمانية عشر ١٨			
19	tissa-adar-ashar	تسعة عشر ١٩			
20	ashroon	عشرون ٢٠			
21	wahid-wa-ashroon	واحد و عشرون ٢١	<p>Homework: Write 6 number statements in Arabic. (example: Wahid + Wahid= Ithnayn.)</p> <p>1. _____ 3. _____ 5. _____</p> <p>2. _____ 4. _____ 6. _____</p>		
22	ithnayn-wa-ashroon	إثنان و عشرون ٢٢			
23	thalath-wa-ashroon	ثلاث و عشرون ٢٣			
24	arba-a-wa=ashroon	أربع و عشرون ٢٤			
25	khamisa-wa-ashroon	خمس و عشرون ٢٥			
26	sit-wa-ashroon	ست و عشرون ٢٦			
27	saba-wa-ashroon	سبع و عشرون ٢٧			
28	thamane-wa-ashroon	ثماني و عشرون ٢٨			
29	tisan-wa-ashroon	تسع و عشرون ٢٩			
30	theleh-thoon	ثلاثون ٣٠			
31	wadid-wa-thalathoon	واحد و ثلاثون ٣١			

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# Arabic Days & Months

	Days	Pronunciation	Written Form
Day 1	Sunday	al-Ahad	الأحد
Day 2	Monday	al-lth-nayn	الاثنين
Day 3	Tuesday	ath-Thu-la-thaa	الثلاثاء
Day 4	Wednesday	al-Ar-bi'aa	الأربعاء
Day 5	Thursday	al-Khamees	الخميس
Gathering	Friday	al-Jum'aa	الجمعة
To rest	Saturday	as-Sabt	السبت

	Months	Pronunciation	Written Form
	January	Kanoun ath-Thani	كانون الثاني
	February	Shubat	شباط
	March	Aa-zhar	آذار
	April	Nissan	نيسان
	May	Ayyar	أيار
	June	Husayraan	حزيران
	July	Tammouz	تموز
	August	Aab	آب
	September	Ayloul	أيلول
	October	Tishreen al-Awal	تشرين الأول
	November	Tishreen ath-Thani	تشرين الثاني
	December	Kanoun al-Awwal	كانون الأول

What day is it? What month is it?  
 (Me hoo-ah elee-yoon? (Me hoo-ah e'hl-shar?)  
 ما هو اليوم؟ ما هو الشهر؟

Today is Monday. It's February.  
 (El ee-yohm hoowan (Ina-who Shubat.)  
 اليوم هو الاثنين انه شباط

When is your birthday?  
 (Mehdah ah-ee-doo me-leh-deek?)  
 متى عيد ميلادك؟

It's the 5th of February.  
 (Eenah who Khamsa shubat.)  
 الخامس من شباط / خمسة شباط

**Homework:**  
 Create a short conversation in Arabic asking the following:

1. What day is it? It's \_\_\_\_\_.
2. What month is it? It's \_\_\_\_\_.
3. When is your birthday?  
It's the # of month.

1. Question: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Question: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Question: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**Homework: Write the days of the week in order from Sunday through Saturday and write the number it sounds like in Arabic (except for Friday and Saturday). The first one has been done for you.**

1. al-Ahad (Sunday) Wahid (#1 in Arabic)

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_ (Day of Gathering)

7. \_\_\_\_\_ (Day of Rest)

# Arabic Colors

Color	Pronunciation	Written Form
red	ahmar	أحمر
green	akhdar	أخضر
yellow	asfar	أصفر
orange	burtuqahly	برتقالي
blue	azraq	أزرق
grey	ramady	رمادي
pink	zeher(i)	زهري
white	abyahd	أبيض
purple	laylakey	بنفسجي
black	aswad	أسود
brown	bunni	بني

## Homework:

Create a short conversation in Arabic asking the following:

What color is that? ما هو ذلك اللون؟ / ما هذا اللون؟

(Meh who-ah theleeka el lewoon?)

This/That is \_\_\_\_\_. that = ذلك This = هذا

(Hezah \_\_\_\_\_.)

Question: \_\_\_\_\_

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

What is your favorite color?

(Meh hoo-ah le-oonooka?) (Boy)

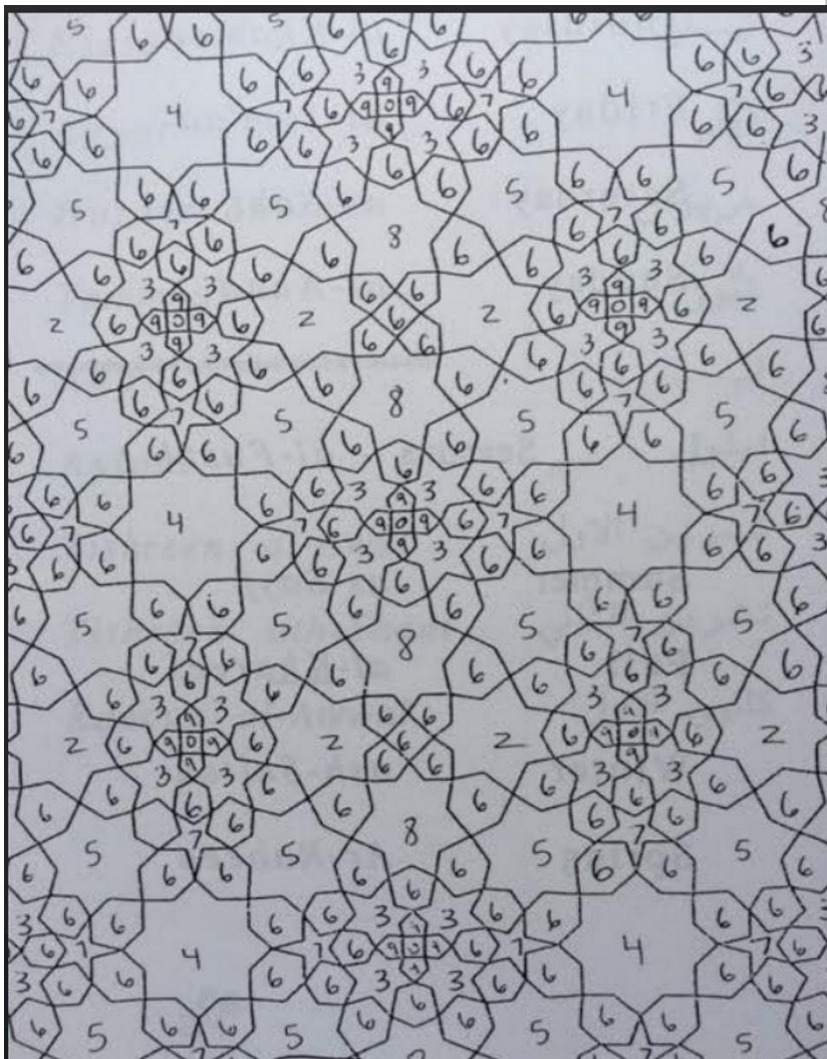
(Meh hoo-ah le-oonookee?) (Girl)

ما هو لونك المفضل؟

**Homework/Classwork**  
Color the following image according to the key.

Sifr = bunni  
Wahid = zeher(i)  
Ithnan = burtuqahly  
Thalatha = azraq  
Arba'a = ahmar  
Khamsa = laylakey  
Sitta = aswad  
Sab'a = akhdar  
Thamanya = asfar  
Tis'a = abyahd  
Ashra = ramady

# Star Polygons



# Arabic Culture

Use your prior knowledge and the word bank below to fill in #1-10 about Saudi Arabia and religion.

1. The world's second largest faith is \_\_\_\_\_.
  2. Mohammad began to preach \_\_\_\_\_ years ago.
  3. \_\_\_\_\_ (portion) of the world's population is Muslim.
  4. Islam began in \_\_\_\_\_.
  5. Over a million muslims every year go to \_\_\_\_\_.
  6. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the most sacred shrine in all of Islam. Muslims pray and walk 7 times around it.
  7. Muslims pray \_\_\_\_\_ times a day by kneeling and facing Mecca.
  8. Muslims use the word \_\_\_\_\_ in reference to God.
  9. The Islamic holy book is called the \_\_\_\_\_.
  10. Muslims believe that angel \_\_\_\_\_ gave Mohammad God's message.
- \* Muslims believe that Mohammad was the last prophet from a long line of prophets including Abraham, Moses, David and Jesus.
- \* 5 Pillars of faith: (1.) Testify that there is only 1 God and that Mohammad is his prophet. (2.) Pray 5 times daily. (3.) Give 2.5% of one's total income to the poor. (4.) Fast between sunrise and sunset throughout the month of Ramadan. (5.) Make the pilgramage (hajj) to Mecca.

## Word Bank

Islam	200	Saudi Arabia	Mecca	5	Gyros	Gabriel
Catholicism	1/5	Portugal	Kafta	3	Koran	Jihad
1400	1/3	Spain	Ka'ba	Allah	Omar	Fatima

You will learn about the history and culture of the Middle East. You will learn what the Middle East is like today. Complete the blanks with the words from the cultural PowerPoint in class.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_ 19. \_\_\_\_\_ 28. \_\_\_\_\_ 37. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_ 11. \_\_\_\_\_ 20. \_\_\_\_\_ 29. \_\_\_\_\_ 38. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_ 12. \_\_\_\_\_ 21. \_\_\_\_\_ 30. \_\_\_\_\_ 39. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_ 13. \_\_\_\_\_ 22. \_\_\_\_\_ 31. \_\_\_\_\_ 40. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_ 14. \_\_\_\_\_ 23. \_\_\_\_\_ 32. \_\_\_\_\_ 41. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_ 24. \_\_\_\_\_ 33. \_\_\_\_\_ 42. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_ 16. \_\_\_\_\_ 25. \_\_\_\_\_ 34. \_\_\_\_\_ 45. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_ 17. \_\_\_\_\_ 26. \_\_\_\_\_ 35. \_\_\_\_\_ 46. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_ 18. \_\_\_\_\_ 27. \_\_\_\_\_ 36. \_\_\_\_\_ 47. \_\_\_\_\_

# Arabic Culture

There are five characteristics of Islamic Art.  
Can you accurately label the Islamic designs  
you see here? One answer will be repeating twice.

Choices:

Tessellations

Complex Star Polygons

Linear Repeat Patterns

Arabesques

Arabic Calligraphy



1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

# Arabic Family

Who is in your family? I have \_\_\_\_\_.  
(Men-see ah eeletak?) (Leh-deyeh \_\_\_\_\_.)  
من في عائلتك؟ لدي...

Family	Pronunciation	Written Form	Family	Pronunciation	Written Form
mother	Umm / Waalidah	أم / والدة	son	ibn	ابن
father	Abb / Waalid	أب / والد	daughter	Ibnah	ابنه
sister	Ukht	أخت	parents	Ahl / Walidayn	أهل / والدين
brother	Akh	أخ	grandparents	el j-de-di	اجداد
aunt	Amma / Khalah	عمة / خالة	pets	hay-oh-win eleef	حيوان اليف
uncle	Amm / Khal	عم / خال	dog	kelb	كلب
boy cousin	Ibn 'amm	ابن العم	cat	quit-eh / hehr	قط / هر
girl cousin	Bint 'amm	ابنه العم	Family member	Afrad al-'Ailah	أفراد العائلة
grandfather	Jadd	جد			
grandmother	Jaddah / sitt	جدة / ست			

# Arabic Body Vocab.

What's hurts? \_\_\_\_\_ hurts me.  
Mel ehzee yoo-eh-lim? \_\_\_\_ yoo-eh leh-moonih.  
ما الذي يؤلم؟ ..... يؤلمني.

Body Part	Pronunciation	Written Form	Body Part	Pronunciation	Written Form
head	raks	رأس	shoulder	keh-tif	كتف
hair	shahr	شعر	arm	zee'rah	ذراع
eyes	eye'nen	عينان	hand	yedh	يد
ear	oozohn	أذن	finger	isth-bah	اصبع
nose	ensih	أنف	stomach	may-dah	معدة
mouth	sam/ sahr	فم/ ثغر	knee	rook-ba	ركبة
face	wajih	وجه	leg	salkoo	ساق
teeth	eth-nehn	أسنان	foot	koh-dem	قدم

### Do you know about the Ramadan Fast and Id-UI-Fitr?

What do children do with their pets during the Id-UI-Fitr celebration? To find out, decide whether the following statements are **true or false** after reading the **article provided in class**. Then circle the letter under "True" or "False" for each statement. **Place the circled letters - in order - on the blanks at the bottom of the page. The first one has been done for you.**

#### True False

- |   |          |   |
|---|----------|---|
| m | <u>p</u> | 1. "Id" means "anxious," and "Fitr" means "unbroken."                                     |
| a | o        | 2. The Koran is the Moslems' holy book.   |
| e | i        | 3. Ramadan and Id-UI-Fitr are celebrated in countries where there are no Moslems.         |
| m | n        | 4. Moslems eat, drink and smoke from sunrise to sunset during Ramadan.                    |
| t | w        | 5. The Ramadan fast began in memory of Mohammed.  |
| d | c        | 6. A half moon starts the Ramadan fast and Id-UI-Fitr.                                    |
| o | a        | 7. Id Mubarak means "happiness to all."   |
| l | s        | 8. Allah is the Moslem god.   |
| a | o        | 9. During Id-UI-Fitr, girls paint designs on their ankles.                                |
| p | <u>r</u> | 10. The beating of drums tells everyone that the fast of Ramadan has started.             |
| v | r        | 11. Syrians do not celebrate the Ramadan fast.  |
| a | o        | 12. The Ramadan fast gives Moslems everywhere a feeling of togetherness.                  |
| i | e        | 13. A favorite dish during Id-UI-Fitr is a food called saiwiyan.                          |
| n | t        | 14. Moslems pray in mosques during the fast.  |
| g | b        | 15. The Ramadan fast and Id-UI-Fitr are new holidays.                                     |
| e | o        | 16. The Ramadan fast and Id-UI-Fitr are based on the Earth's movements around the sun.    |
| w | m        | 17. Children wear new clothes during Id-UI-Fitr.  |
| c | d        | 18. During Id-UI-Fitr, families spend little time together.                               |
| r | y        | 19. Moslems shout for joy when the full moon appears and Id-UI-Fitr begins.               |
| e | o        | 20. Children receive gifts on the last day of Id-UI-Fitr.                                 |
| h | s        | 21. Moslems sit on chairs while praying in mosques.                                       |
| r | s        | 22. Moslems eat their first lunch after the Ramadan fast on the second day of Id-UI-Fitr. |

Children p \_\_\_\_\_ their pets every \_\_\_\_\_ r in the \_\_\_\_\_  
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17  
 to \_\_\_\_\_ them up.  
 18 19 20 21 22

Ismee: \_\_\_\_\_

Date and Day \_\_\_\_\_

# Bell Work

Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

English

Arabic Translation

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 1. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 4. _____ |

Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

English

Arabic Translation

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 1. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 4. _____ |

Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

English

Arabic Translation

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 1. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 4. _____ |

Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

English

Arabic Translation

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. _____ | 1. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 4. _____ |

Day: _____	Date: _____	
English	Arabic Translation	
1. _____	1. _____	
2. _____	2. _____	
3. _____	3. _____	
4. _____	4. _____	

Day: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

In English, write 4 cultural facts you have learned about the Middle East.

- |          |
|----------|
| 1. _____ |
| 2. _____ |
| 3. _____ |
| 4. _____ |