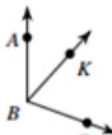


10.6.15

Statements	Justifications	Statements	Justifications
1. $17 + 11 - 8n = 29$ $9n + 11 = 29$ $-11 -11$ $9n = 18$ $\frac{9n}{9} = \frac{18}{9}$ $n = 2$	CLE Subtraction p.e. Division p.e.	2. $m\angle ABC = 17x + 8$, $m\angle ABK = 42^\circ$, and $m\angle KBC = 12x - 4$. Find $m\angle ABC$.  $17(6) + 8 = 110$ $ABK + KBC = ABC$ $42 + 12x - 4 = 17x + 8$ $-8 -8$ $12x + 30 = 17x$ $-12x -12x$ $30 = 5x$ $\frac{30}{5} = \frac{5x}{5}$ $x = 6$	AAP Substitution Combine like terms Subtraction p.e. Division p.e.

Write an equation to model the situation. Then solve using your justifications.

3. The tallest player on the basketball team is $77\frac{3}{4}$ in. tall. This is $9\frac{1}{2}$ in. taller than the shortest player. How tall is the shortest player?

Given — Unknown — Equation — Solve

Tallest player is $77\frac{3}{4}$ in. $9\frac{1}{2}$ in. taller than the shortest player.

How tall is the shortest player?

$77\frac{3}{4} = n + 9\frac{1}{2}$
 $77.75 = n + 9.5$

$n = 68.25$

Inference: The shortest player is 68.25 in.

68.25 in