Example 3: Find the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints (-3, -1) and (7, -5).

$$M = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} \qquad m = \left(\frac{y_1}{2}, -\frac{y_2}{2}\right)$$

$$M = \left(\frac{y_1}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right) \qquad m = \left(\frac{y_2}{2}, -\frac{y_2}{2}\right)$$

$$\left(M = 2, -3\right)$$

Example 4: Find the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints (6, -3) and (4, -7).