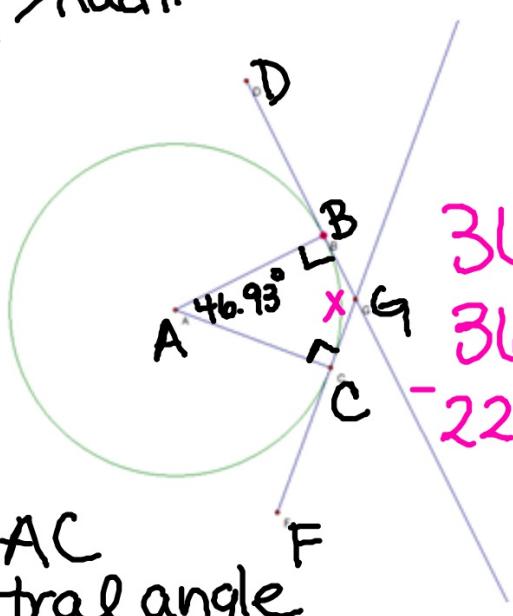


If m of $\angle BAC = 46.93^\circ$ find the m of $\angle BGC$.

$\frac{AC}{AB} > \text{Radii}$



$\angle ABG > 90^\circ$
 $\angle ACG > 90^\circ$ Thm 12.1

$$360 = 90 + 90 + 46.93 + x$$

$$360 = 226.93 + x$$

$$-226.93 - 226.93$$

$$133.07^\circ = x$$

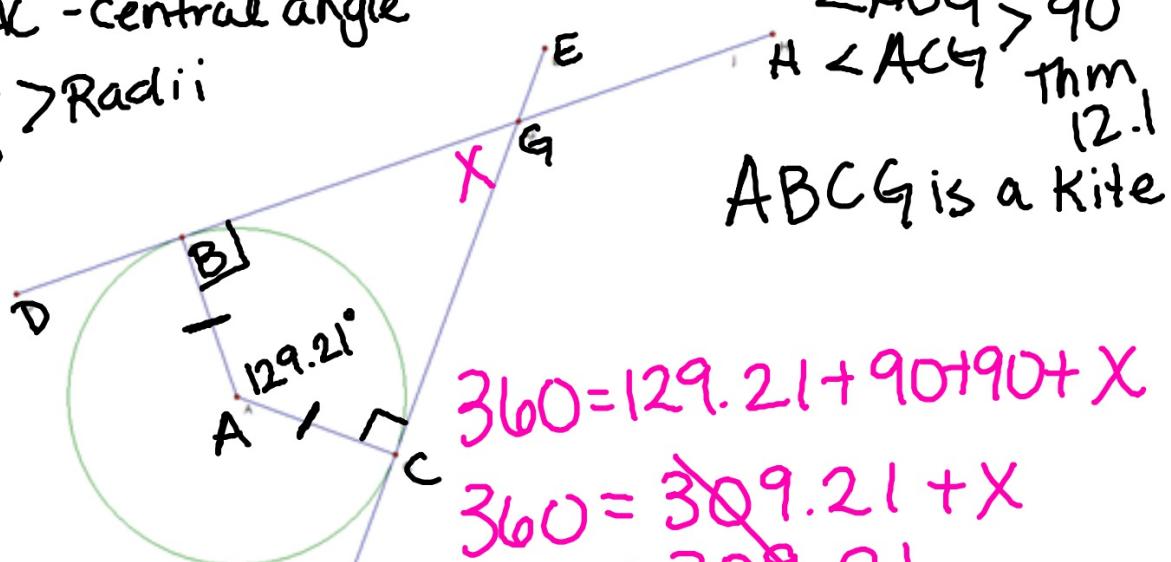
$\angle BAC$
central angle
 \overrightarrow{DB} \overrightarrow{FC} \rightarrow Tangent lines

B and C - Points of Tangency

If m of $\angle BAC = 129.21^\circ$ find the m of $\angle BGC$.

$\because BAC$ - central angle

$\frac{\overarc{AC}}{\overarc{AB}} >$ Radii



$\angle ABG > 90^\circ$
 $\angle ACB > 90^\circ$ Thm
12.1

ABC G is a kite

$$360 = 129.21 + 90 + 90 + x$$

$$360 = 309.21 + x$$

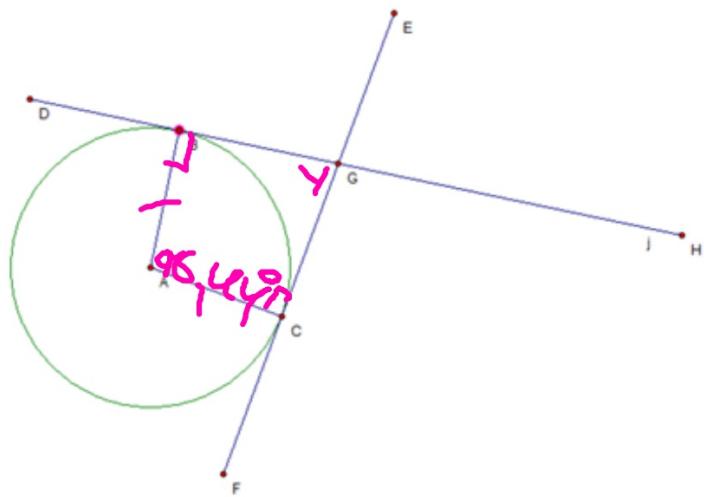
$$309.21 - 309.21$$

$$50.79^\circ = x$$

\overrightarrow{DB} , \overrightarrow{FC} > Tangent lines

B, C > Points of tangency

If m of $\angle BAC = 98.44^\circ$ find the m of $\angle BGC$.

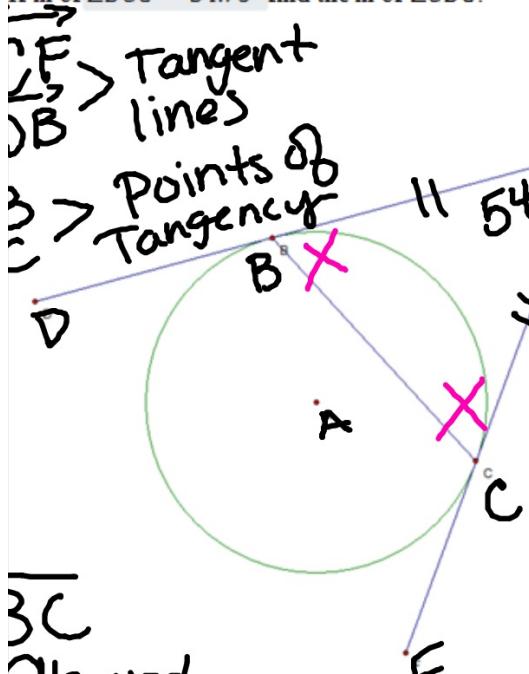


$$X = 81.5^\circ$$

$$360 = 98.44 + 10 + 90 + X$$

$$360 = 278.44 + X$$
$$-278.44 - 278.44$$

If m of $\angle BGC = 54.73^\circ$ find the m of $\angle GBC$.

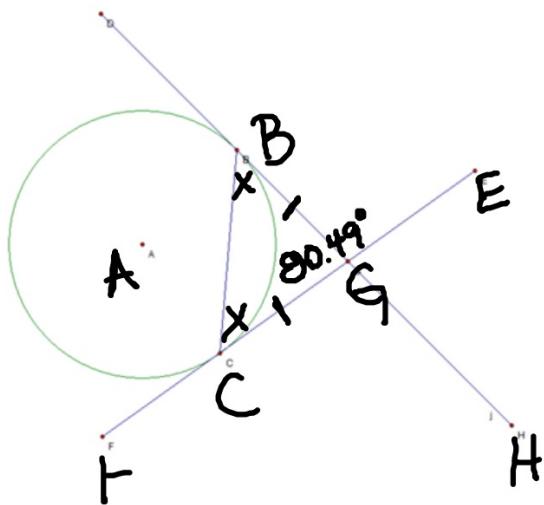


$$\begin{aligned} 180 &= 54.73 + 2x \\ -54.73 &-54.73 \\ 125.27 &= 2x \\ \frac{125.27}{2} &= \frac{2x}{2} \\ 62.65^\circ &= x \end{aligned}$$

\overline{BC}
Chord

$\overline{BG} \cong \overline{CG}$
Thm 12.3

If m of $\angle BGC = 80.49^\circ$ find the m of $\angle GBC$.

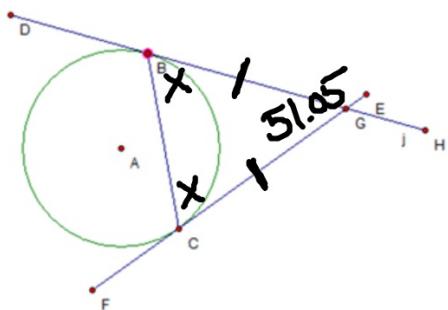


$$180 = 80.49 + 2x$$

$$\frac{99.51}{2} = \cancel{\frac{2x}{2}}$$

$$x = 49.8^\circ$$

If m of $\angle BGC = 51.05^\circ$ find the m of $\angle GBC$.



$$180 = 51.05 + 2x$$

$$\frac{128.95}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$64.5 = x$$

If m of arc $\overarc{AB} = 112.71^\circ$ find the m of $\angle ABC$.

$\angle ACB$ central angle

\overline{AC} > Radii

112.71°

67.29°

\overline{AB} Chord

\overline{BD} chord
Diameter

$\angle ABD$ Inscribed angle
 $\frac{1}{2}$ measure of its arc

$$180 - 112.71 = 67.29^\circ$$

$$\frac{67.29}{2} = 33.65^\circ$$

$$X = 33.65^\circ$$