



1) What is the relative maximum point? $(10, 10)$

2) What is the relative maximum value?
 $y = 10$

1) Relative minimum point?
 $(-5, -5)$

2) Relative minimum value? $y = -5$

4 EXAMPLE Finding Zeros of a Polynomial Function

Find the zeros of $y = (x - 2)(x + 1)(x + 3)$. Factored
Form

$$0 = (x - 2)(x + 1)(x + 3)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 0 = x - 2 & 0 = x + 1 & 0 = x + 3 \\ +2 & -1 & -3 \\ \boxed{2 = x} & \boxed{-1 = x} & \boxed{-3 = x} \end{array}$$

Theorem**Factor Theorem**

The expression $x - a$ is a linear factor of a polynomial if and only if the value a is a zero of the related polynomial function.

5 EXAMPLE Writing a Polynomial Function From its Zeros

Write a polynomial function in standard form with zeros at $-2, 3$, and 3 .

Solutions

$$x = -2 \quad x = 3 \quad x = 3$$

$$+2 \quad +2 \quad -3 \quad -3 \quad -3 \quad -3$$

$$x+2=0 \quad x-3=0 \quad x-3=0$$

Factored Form

$$(x+2)(x-3)(x-3)=y$$

Standard Form

	x	-3
x	x^2	$-3x$
2	$2x$	-6

$$(x^2 - x - 6)(x - 3) = y$$

	x^2	$-x$	-6
x	x^3	$-x^2$	$-6x$
-3	$-3x^2$	$3x$	18

$$x^3 - 4x^2 - 3x + 18 = y$$