**Unit 4 Word Cards**

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| **1****geography**the study of places***Example*:** In geography people study about places like communities, states, and countries. | **2****economics**the study of how people use resources to make or get goods and services***Example*:** In economics people study topics such as economic systems, trade, and production. |
| **3****history**what happened in the past***Example*:** When people study history, they study about people and events of the past. | .**4** **natural resources**things in nature that people find useful ***Example*:** Water, soil, and trees are natural resources. |
|  **5** **economic activities**different ways people use resources to make goods and services***Example*:** Farming and mining are economic activities. | **6** **fertile soil**soil that is good for growing things***Example*:** Michigan has a lot of fertile soil in the Lower Peninsula. |
| **7****agriculture**another word for farming***Example*:** Agriculture is an important economic activity in Michigan. (SS030401) | **8** **modifying the environment**when people change the environment to fit them***Example*:** People in Michigan modified the environment by cutting down trees to clear land for farming.(SS030401) |
| **9****lumbering** j0214918an economic activity where people cut down trees as a business***Example*:** Lumbering became important because Michigan had many white pine trees and rivers..(SS030402) | **10** **specialization****j0350072**when individuals, regions, and countries produce certain kinds of goods or services***Example*:** Specialization results in people producing fewer goods and services than they consume.(SS030402) |

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| **11****mining**digging minerals like iron and copper from the Earth ***Example*:** Mining became an important economic activity in Michigan..(SS030403) | **12** **minerals**natural resources found in the ground such as iron ore***Example*:** Minerals are removed from the ground by mining.(SS030403) |
| **13****copper**a mineral that is used to make things such as pipes for plumbing.***Example*:** For many years Michigan was a world leader in copper mining..(SS030403) | **14** **iron ore**a mineral that is used to make steel***Example*:** Iron ore is mined in the Upper Peninsula.(SS030403) |
| j0243655**15** **canal**a river made by humans***Example*:** A canal was built to connect Lake Superior and Lake Huron..(SS030403) | **16****lock** a way to raise and lower shipsj0150018***Example*:** The Soo Locks allow ships to move by canal between the higher Lake Superior and the lower Lake Huron. (SS030403) |

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| **17****raw materials**natural resources that are used to make manufactured goods***Example*:** Wood, iron, and copper are raw materials.(SS030404) | **18** **manufacturing**the making of goods in a factory***Example*:** Manufacturing is an important economic activity of Michigan.(SS030404) |
| **19****capital resources**goods that are used to produce more goods and services***Example*:** Factories and tools are capital resources..(SS030404) | **20****human resources**workers and their skills***Example*:** Truck drivers, doctors, and teachers are human resources. (SS030404) |
| **21** **carriage**tn01313_a vehicle pulled by a horse***Example*:** Carriage making became an important part of manufacturing in Michigan..(SS030404) | **22****entrepreneur**someone who combines natural, human, and capital resources to produce goods or services***Example*:** Henry Ford is an example of a Michigan entrepreneur. |
| **22****entrepreneur**someone who combines natural, human, and capital resources to produce goods or services***Example*:** Henry Ford is an example of a Michigan entrepreneur.(SS030405) | **23****assembly line**a way to manufacture goods where each worker does just one small part***Example*:** Henry Ford used an assembly line in his factory.(SS030405) |
| **24****movement****TN00605A[1]the theme of geography that explains how and why people, goods, and ideas move****Example: The theme of movement helps us understand how places are connected to other places.** **(SS030406)** | 25culture the way of life of a group of peopleExample: The People of the Three Fires had cultures that were much alike.(SS030406) |
| **26****pull factors****things that pull people to a new area****Example: Jobs in factories were a pull factor for many people who moved to Michigan.****(SS030406)** | 27push factorsthings that push people out of a place Example: When people have a hard life in a place, this can be a push factor that encourages them to move to a new place.(SS030406) |