Chapter 14 Study Guide – Supranational Cooperation in the European Union

Write your answers out on a separate sheet of paper in complete sentences

Know the definitions of the 11 terms on your ID.

1. Sometimes countries give up some control of their own affairs to work together on goals they all share is a form of supranational cooperation.
2. The EU began with the development of the common market.
3. The best definition of centripetal forces is forces that pull people together.
4. This could be a centrifugal force within the EU in the future cultural differences
5. When a member country does not agree with a decision made by the EU they must carry out the decision anyway.
6. The EU promoted economic cooperation across Europe by reducing trade barriers
7. According the chart on p. 216, which countries have almost equal economic(GDP) power? The EU and the U.S almost have equal power.
8. The European Parliament is like congress, countries with more people have more representatives. Use the chart on page 219 to identify the four countries with the most representatives in 2009. List them. UK, Germany, France, and Italy.
9. Identify the 6 smallest countries in EU. List them Estonia, Latvia Luxembourg, Malta, Cyprus, and Solvenia.
10. What countries make up the UK? Hint SWEN Scotland, Wales, England, & N.Ireland
11. What countries make up Great Britain? Scotland, Wales, & England
12. Which UK countries voted to leave the EU England & Wales
13. What are 3 ways the EU promoted cultural identity? EU flag, EU anthem and Europe Day.

**14. What did Robert Schuman suggest to bring lasting peace to Europe?p.214**

Schuman suggested that France, Germany, and other European countries work together to manage their coal and steel production

1. What is GDP p. 216 or glossary.

Gross Domestic Product which the total value of goods and services produced in a place.