HOMEWORK 1

1.	The	e highest point on a wave is the, while the lowest point is the
2.	The	e of a wave is a measure of the amount of energy it carries.
3.	The	e distance from one crest to the next crest is the
4.	The	e is a measure of the number of waves that pass a point in a given amount of time.
5.		e illustration to the right shows a wave. bel each part in the space below: a. ———————————————————————————————————
	a	/\\/c.\
	b	
	c	
	d	b.
6. Use the five illustrations of waves drawn below to answer the following questions:		
	Р	MM & MMM
	Q	VVVVV ↑ VVVVV
	R	
	(a)	Waves P and Q have the same, but wave P has twice the of wave Q.
	(b)	Waves Q and R have the same, but wave R has twice the of wave Q.
	(c)	Wave shows a steady frequency but changing amplitude.
	(d)	Wave shows steady amplitude but a changing frequency.
	(e)	Waves and have a low amplitude and a steady frequency.