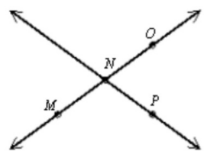
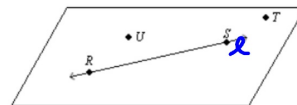


1. Are O, N, and P collinear? If so, name the line on which they lie.



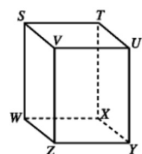
- A. Yes, they lie on  $\overleftrightarrow{MP}$ .
- B. Yes, they lie on  $\overleftrightarrow{NP}$ .
- C. Yes, they lie on  $\overleftrightarrow{MO}$ .
- ☒ D. No, the three points are not collinear.

2. Name the line and plane shown in the diagram.



- ☒ A.  $\overleftrightarrow{RS}$  and plane RSU
- B. line  $R$  and plane RSU
- C.  $\overleftrightarrow{RS}$  and plane UR
- D.  $\overleftrightarrow{SR}$  and plane UT

3. What is the intersection of plane TUYX and plane VUYZ?



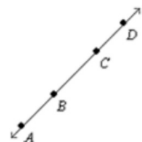
- A.  $\overleftrightarrow{SW}$
- ☒ B.  $\overleftrightarrow{UY}$
- C.  $\overleftrightarrow{TX}$
- D.  $\overleftrightarrow{VZ}$

4. Name the ray in the figure.



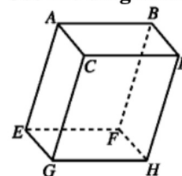
- A.  $\overleftrightarrow{BA}$
- B.  $\overleftrightarrow{AB}$
- ☒ C.  $\overrightarrow{BA}$
- D.  $\overrightarrow{AB}$

5. Name the ray that is opposite  $\overrightarrow{BA}$



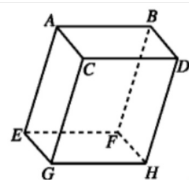
- A.  $\overrightarrow{AB}$   
 B.  $\overrightarrow{BD}$   
 C.  $\overrightarrow{CA}$   
 D.  $\overrightarrow{DA}$

Use the diagram below for questions 6-8.



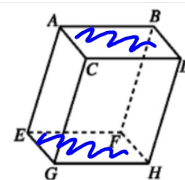
6. Name the four labeled segments that are skew to  $\overline{CD}$ .

- A.  $\overline{AE}, \overline{EF}, \overline{BF}, \overline{EG}$   
 B.  $\overline{BF}, \overline{GH}, \overline{EG}, \overline{AE}$   
 C.  $\overline{FH}, \overline{AE}, \overline{CG}, \overline{BF}$   
 D.  $\overline{FH}, \overline{EG}, \overline{AE}, \overline{BF}$



7. Name the three labeled segments that are parallel to  $\overline{EF}$ , using the diagram above.

- A.  $\overline{GH}, \overline{EG}, \overline{CD}$   
 B.  $\overline{BF}, \overline{AB}, \overline{CD}$   
 C.  $\overline{AC}, \overline{CD}, \overline{GH}$   
 D.  $\overline{AB}, \overline{CD}, \overline{GH}$

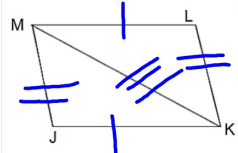


8. Which plane is parallel to EFHG?

- A. plane ABDC  
 B. plane ACGE  
 C. plane CDHG  
 D. plane BDHF

9. Complete the proof.

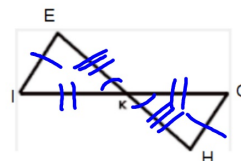
Given:  $\overline{JK} \cong \overline{LM}$ ,  $\overline{JM} \cong \overline{LK}$   
 Prove:  $\triangle JKM \cong \triangle LMK$



Statements	Justifications
$\overline{JK} \cong \overline{LM}$	Given
$\overline{JM} \cong \overline{LK}$	Given
$\overline{KM} \cong \overline{MK}$	Reflexive
	SSS

10. Complete the proof.

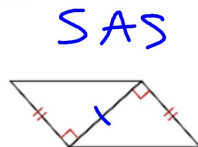
Given:  $\overline{EI} \cong \overline{GH}$   
 K is the midpoint of  $\overline{GI}$  and  $\overline{EH}$ .  
 Prove:  $\triangle EKI \cong \triangle HKG$



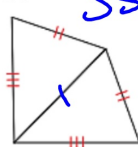
Statements	Justifications
$\overline{EI} \cong \overline{GH}$	Given
K is the midpoint of $\overline{GI}$	Given
$\overline{EK} \cong \overline{KH}$	Definition of midpoint
$\overline{KI} \cong \overline{KH}$	Given
$\triangle EKI \cong \triangle HKG$	SSS

For #11-#16, are the two triangles congruent? If so, which postulate, SSS or SAS, is being used?

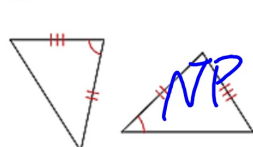
11.



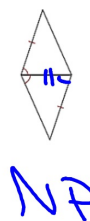
12.



13.



14.



15.



16.

