

# H. Geometry - Bellwork #6

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

- Points that are on the same line are also called collinear pts.
- A line is a series of points that extends in opposite directions without end.
- Two lines are parallel if they are noncoplanar and do not intersect.
- A ray is the part of a line consisting of one endpoint and all points in one direction.

Use the figure at the right to answer questions 5-7.

5. Name line  $x$  in 3 other ways.

i) AG

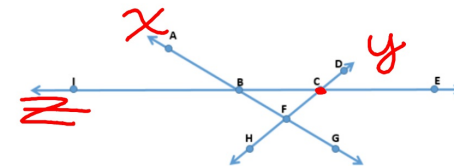
ii) GA

iii) line AG

6. Line  $y$  and line  $z$  intersect at point C.

7. Are the following points collinear? (Yes or No) If yes, name the line on which they lie.

- a.) A, B, G yes line x      b.) A, B, C No



Use the figure at the right to answer questions 8-10. Be sure to use proper symbols!

8. Name line  $m$  two other ways.

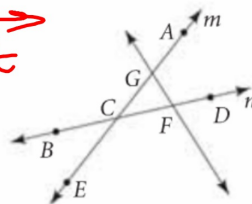
AE EA

9. Name two line segments.

GC BD

10. Name a pair of opposite rays.

GA GE



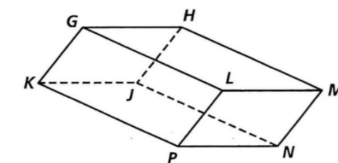
Use the figure at the right to answer questions 11-14.

11. Plane JKPN and Plane GHJK intersect at JK.

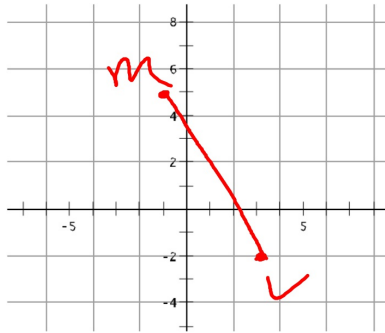
12. Plane HML and Plane PNL intersect at LM.

13. L, P, K, and G are coplanar.

14. Plane KJH and Plane LMH intersect at GH.



20. **REINFORCE** Draw and label  $\overline{LM}$  where L has coordinates (3, -2) and M has coordinates (-1, 5).



21. **REINFORCE** Suppose  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$  are complementary angles,  $m\angle A = (3x + 5)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle B = (2x - 15)^\circ$ . Solve for  $x$  and then find  $m\angle A$  and  $m\angle B$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \angle A + \angle B &= 90^\circ \\ 3x + 5 + 2x - 15 &= 90 \\ 5x - 10 &= 90 \\ 5x &= 100 \\ x &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m\angle A &= 65^\circ \\ m\angle B &= 25^\circ \end{aligned}$$

22. **REINFORCE** The measure of the supplement of an angle is 12 more than twice the measure of the angle. Find the measures of the angle and its supplement.

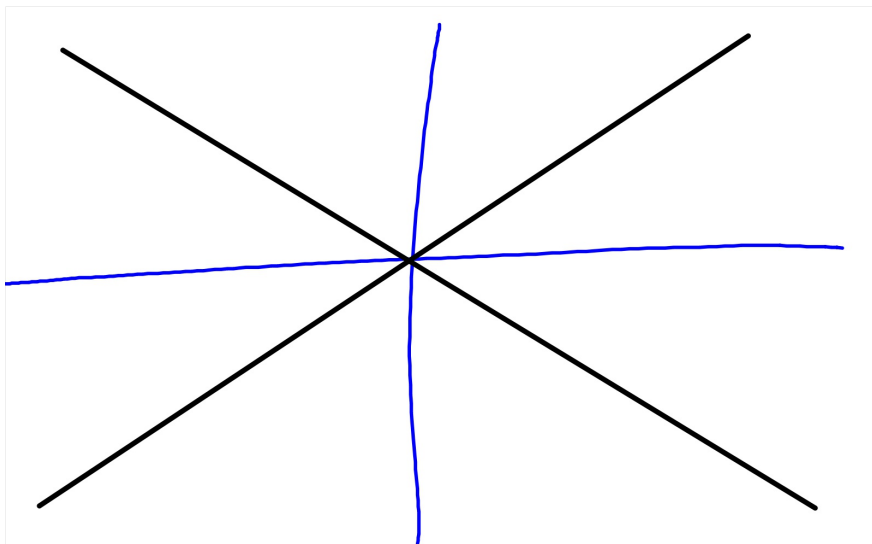
$$\begin{aligned} x &= \angle \text{measure} \\ 180 - x &= 124^\circ \\ 180 - x &= 2x + 12 \\ 180 &= 3x + 12 \\ 168 &= 3x \\ x &= 56^\circ \end{aligned}$$

23. Write a definition for **angle bisector**, and then sketch an example.

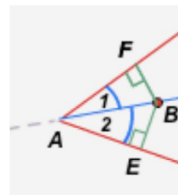
a line, ray, or segment of an angle that divides the  $\angle$  into 2  $\cong$   $\angle$ s

24. What is a **conjecture**?

a statement that  
we believe to be  
true based on  
observation,



28. **REINFORCE** In the diagram,  $\overline{AB}$  bisects  $\angle FAE$ .  $BF = 5x$  and  $BE = x^2 + 6$ . Solve for  $x$ .



$$\begin{aligned} BF &= BE \\ 5x &= x^2 + 6 \\ x^2 - 5x + 6 &= 0 \\ (x-2)(x-3) &= 0 \\ x &= 2, 3 \end{aligned}$$

