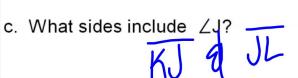
- Use ∆JKL shown.
- a. What angle is included between JK and KL?

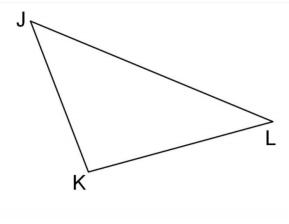


b. What angles include JL?





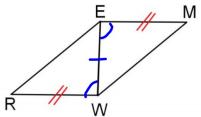
d. What side is include between ∠L and ∠K?





2. The two triangles shown are congruent. Give reasons for each statement then fill in the congruence statement.

Given: EM || WR



- 1. EM || WR and EM ≅ WR Reason: GNV ₩
- 2. EW ≅ EW Reason: Re
- 3. ∠MEW ≅ ∠RWE Reason: Q(t)Nt ∠'S
- 4. AMENA RW Freason: SAS

Hwk #20 Answers

- 1. $\angle CAB \cong \angle DAB$; $\angle ABC \cong \angle ABD$; $\angle C \cong \angle D$; $AC \cong AD$; $AB \cong AB$; $CB \cong DB$
- 5. ML
- 6. ∠*B*
- 11. ∆*JBK*
- 12. Δ*MCL*
- 14. $PO \cong SI$; $OL \cong ID$; $LY \cong DE$; $PY \cong SE$
- 24. Yes

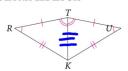
Statements	Reasons
1. ∠ <i>RTK</i> ≅ ∠ <i>UTK</i>	1. Given
2. ∠ <i>R</i> ≅ ∠ <i>U</i>	2. Given
3. ∠RKT ≅ ∠UKT	3. Thm 4-1
4. $TR \cong TU$	4. Given
5. <i>RK</i> ≅ <i>UK</i>	5. Reflexive Prop.
6. $\Delta TRK \cong \Delta TUK$	6. Def. of Cong. Triangles

- 26. No; Corresponding sides are not congruent.
- 39. $\triangle BCE \cong \triangle ADE$
- 40. $\Delta TPK \cong \Delta TRK$

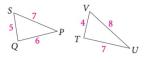
Developing Proof In Exercises 24–27, can you conclude the figures are congruent?

lders use the King Post truss, below left, for the top of a simple his truss, $\triangle ABC = \triangle ABD$. List the congruent corresponding parts.

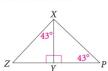
24. $\triangle TRK$ and $\triangle TUK$



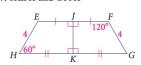
25. $\triangle SPQ$ and $\triangle TUV$



26. $\triangle XYZ$ and $\triangle XYP$



27. HEJK and GFJK



 $\triangle LMC \cong \triangle BJK$. Complete the congruence statements.

3. *LC* ≅ _?_ 5. $\overline{JB} \cong \underline{?}$

4. $\overline{KJ} \cong \underline{?}$ **6.** ∠*L* ≅ _?_

7. ∠*K* ≅ _?_ **8.** ∠*M* ≅ _?_ **9.** △*CML* ≅ _?_ **10.** △*KBJ* ≅ _?

11. $\triangle MLC \cong \underline{?}$ **12.** $\triangle JKB \cong \underline{?}$

 $POLY \cong SIDE$. List each of the following.

14. four pairs of congruent sides

39. TK bisects PTR. *E* is the midpoint of \overline{CD} .

Sec 4-1: Congruent Figures

Two figures that:

1. Have the same shape

and

2. Have the same size

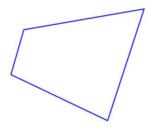
How could you show somebody that these two figures are congruent?

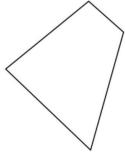
If one of the figures fits exactly onto the other by

- Sliding (translation)
- Turning (rotation)

Or any combination of these

Flipping (reflection)





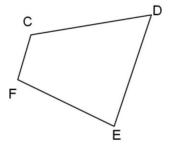
Same Shape:

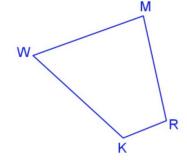
Corresponding Angles are Congruent

Same Size:

Corresponding Sides are Congruent

- 1. Name these congruent quadrilaterals. CDEF ≧ K wm R
- 2. W corresponds with D
- 3. DE corresponds with wm





Given: NTX ≅ HQF

Name the corresponding parts:

- 1. Noorr WH
- 2. LTELQ
- LN = LH
- 3. ∠XSZF 4. NT = HQ
- 5. TX = PF 6. NX = HF

To prove that two figures are congruent you need to show that all pairs of corresponding parts are congruent. Given: AD bisects ∠CAB AD is 1 bisector of CB ∠ ACD≅∠ ABD Prove: △ADC ≅ △ABD Reasons Statements Given 5 (DAC = AB JE AD= AD | Reft. def of bisector 23 CD ≥ BD I det of I bisector A (4) LADC= A D LACD = L MBD GIVEN A 6) LC ADZ ZRAD outo+ L brector. Use the given congruence statement to complete the missing information.

1. $\Delta DEF \cong \Delta KJI$

FD = 1h

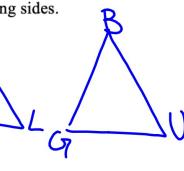
2. $\triangle BAC \cong \triangle LMN$

∠A≅∠M

3. $\Delta TUV \cong \Delta GFE \quad \angle V \cong \angle E$

4. $\triangle WVU \cong \triangle GHJ$ $\triangle UWV \cong \triangle JGH$

5. $\Delta FLY \cong \Delta BUG$. List three pairs of corresponding angles and three pairs of corresponding sides.

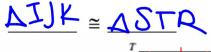


ANGLES:

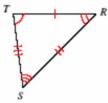
2 F = 2B 2 Y = 2G 2 L = 2 U

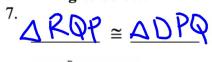
SIDES:

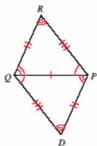
Write a congruence statement for each pair of congruent triangles below.





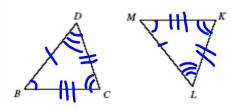




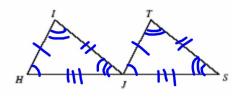


Mark the corresponding angles and sides of each pair of triangles using the given congruence statement. Be sure to use the appropriate number of tick marks or arc marks.

8. $\triangle BDC \cong \triangle MLK$



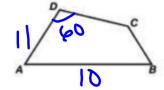
9. $\Delta HIJ \cong \Delta JTS$

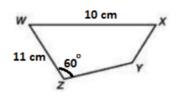


10. $ABCD \cong WXYZ$. Fill in the missing information from polygon ABCD.

$$m \angle \underline{2} = 60^{\circ} = \underline{2}$$

$$NX = 10 \text{ cm} = AB$$





Classwork: Practice 4.1 Worksheet

IXL #11 - G.3 (if you didn't do it accidently last week) & J.1 due Friday at 4pm!