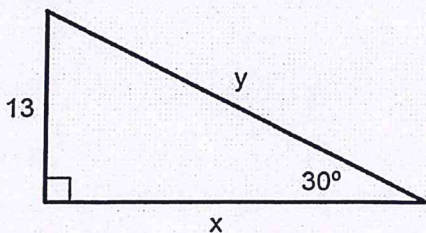


# Bellwork Alg 2 Monday, March 11, 2019

Find the exact value of  $x$  and  $y$  in each special right triangle.

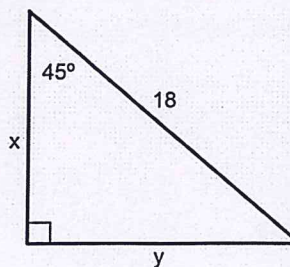
1.



$x =$

$y =$

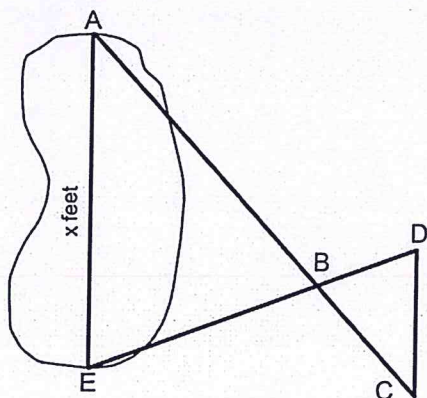
2.



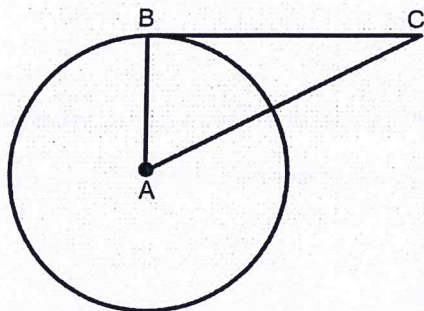
$x =$

$y =$

3. A surveyor wants to find the length,  $x$ , in feet, across a lake as represented in the sketch below. The lengths represented by  $AB$ ,  $EB$ ,  $BD$ , and  $CD$  on the sketch were determined to be 1800 ft, 1400 ft, 700 ft, and 800 ft, respectively. Segments  $AC$  and  $DE$  intersect at  $B$ , and  $\angle AEB$  and  $\angle CDB$  have the same measure. What is the value of  $x$ ?

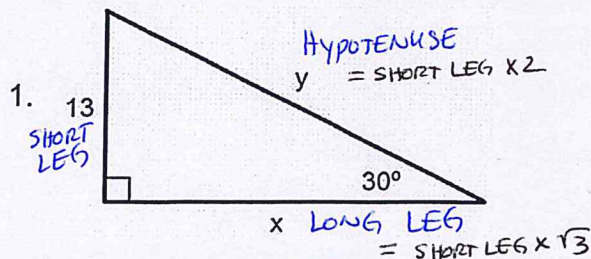


4. In circle A below  $BC$  is tangent to the circle at pt. B. Circle A has an area of  $36\pi$ . If  $AB = \frac{1}{2}AC$ , what is the area of  $\triangle ABC$ . Round to the nearest tenth. NOTE: A radius drawn to the point of tangency is perpendicular to the tangent line.

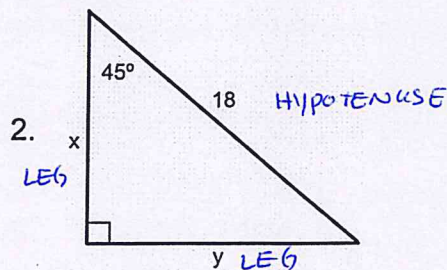


Find the exact value of  $x$  and  $y$  in each special right triangle.

ANSWERS



$x = 13\sqrt{3}$   $y = 26$



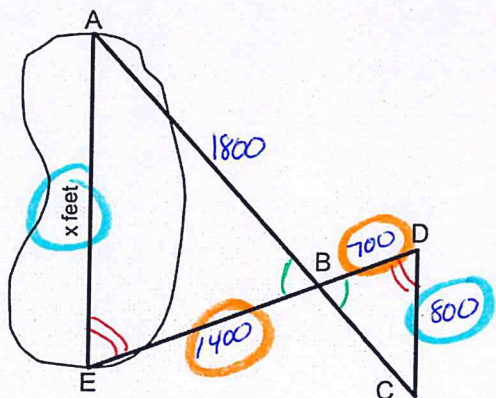
$x = 9\sqrt{2}$   $y = 9\sqrt{2}$

\* LEGS ARE EQUAL

\*  $LEG = \frac{HYPOT}{\sqrt{2}}$

$LEG = \frac{18}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{18\sqrt{2}}{2} = 9\sqrt{2}$

3. A surveyor wants to find the length,  $x$ , in feet, across a lake as represented in the sketch below. The lengths represented by  $AB$ ,  $EB$ ,  $BD$ , and  $CD$  on the sketch were determined to be 1800 ft, 1400 ft, 700 ft, and 800 ft, respectively. Segments  $AC$  and  $DE$  intersect at  $B$ , and  $\angle AEB$  and  $\angle CDB$  have the same measure. What is the value of  $x$ ?



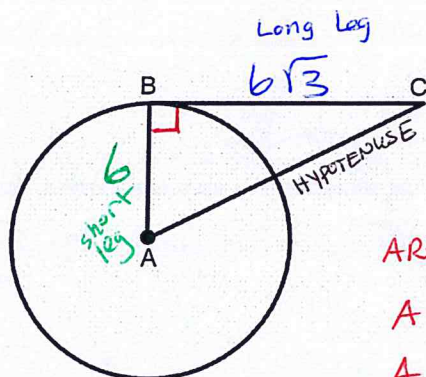
• THESE  $\Delta$ 's are similar

• Corresponding sides are proportional

$\frac{1400}{700} = \frac{x}{800}$  Now CROSS MULTIPLY

$x = 1600$  ft

4. In circle A below  $BC$  is tangent to the circle at pt. B. Circle A has an area of  $36\pi$ . If  $AB = \frac{1}{2}AC$ , what is the area of  $\triangle ABC$ . Round to the nearest tenth. NOTE: A radius drawn to the point of tangency is perpendicular to the tangent line.



AREA of  $\Delta$

$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$

$A = \frac{1}{2}(6)(6\sqrt{3})$

$A = 18\sqrt{3}$

\* Area of Circle A =  $36\pi$

\* area of any circle

$A = \pi r^2$

$\pi r^2 = 36\pi$

$r^2 = 6$

$r = 6$

$AB$  is a radius  $AB = 6$

Since  $AB = \frac{1}{2}AC$   $\triangle ABC$  is a  $30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ \Delta$

$BC = \text{Long leg} = \text{short leg} \times \sqrt{3}$

$BC = 6\sqrt{3}$