

Write an equation for the line that is parallel to the given line and that passes through the given point.

1. $y = 6x - 2$; (0,0)

$$m = 6$$
$$y = 6x$$

2. $y = -\frac{7}{2}x + 6$; (-4, -6) $m = -\frac{7}{2}$

$$y + 6 = -\frac{7}{2}(x + 4)$$

$$y + 6 = -\frac{7}{2}x - 14$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{2}x - 20$$

3. $y = -2x + 3$; (-3, 5) $m = -2$

$$y - 5 = -2(x + 3)$$

$$y - 5 = -2x - 6$$

$$y = -2x - 1$$

4. $y = -3x$; (3,0) $m = -3$

$$y - 0 = -3(x - 3)$$

$$y - 0 = -3x + 9$$

$$y = -3x + 9$$

Write an equation for the line that is perpendicular to the given line and that passes through the given point.

5. $y = 2x + 7; (0,0)$ $m = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$

6. $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2; (4,2)$ $m = \frac{1}{3}$
 $y - 2 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 4)$ $m = \frac{1}{3}$
 $y - 2 = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}$
 $y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3} + 2$
 $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$

7. $3x + 5y = 7; (-1, 2)$

$m = \frac{5}{3}$
 $y - 2 = \frac{5}{3}(x + 1)$
 $y - 2 = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}$
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{5}{3} + 2$
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + \frac{11}{3}$

8. $4x - 2y = 9; (8, -2)$ $m = \frac{1}{2}$
 $-4x - 2y = -4x + 9$
 $-2y = 2x - 9$
 $y = -x + \frac{9}{2}$
 $y + 2 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 8)$
 $y + 2 = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$
 $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$