- 1.) **Geometry** To find S, the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a polygon with n sides, you can use the formula S = (n 2)180.
  - **a.** Transform the formula to find the number of sides in terms of the interior angle sum. Solve this equation for n.

										•
b.	Complete	the	table	at the	right	using	your	new	formul	a.

0.) 
$$S = (n-2)180$$
  
 $S = 180n - 360$   
 $1360 + 360$   
 $S + 360 = 180n$   
 $S + 360 = 180n$ 

$$\frac{(n-2)|80|}{|80|} = \frac{900}{360}$$

$$\frac{360}{1260}$$

$$\frac{5}{180} = \sqrt{n-2}$$

S

540

$$\frac{S}{180} = n-2$$
 $\frac{S}{180} + 2 = n$ 

## PSAT Practice -

2.) For what value of h is 
$$24 = \frac{h}{10} - 6$$
?

$$30 = \frac{h}{10}$$

$$h = 300$$

3.) What is the value of a if 
$$(2a + 3) - (4a - 8) = 7$$
?

$$2a+3-4a+8=7$$
 $-2a+11=7$ 
 $-20=-4$ 

10.) a. Let 
$$t = \text{time for the moving van}$$

b. 
$$t - \frac{3}{4}$$

13.) a. 
$$x; 3-x$$
  
b.  $320x = 840 - 280x; 1\frac{2}{5}$ 

Vehicle	Rate	Time	Distance
			Traveled
Moving Van	35	t	35 <i>t</i>
Car	50	$t-\frac{3}{4}$	$50\left(t-\frac{3}{4}\right)$

d. 
$$35t = 50\left(t - \frac{3}{4}\right)$$
  
 $t = 2\frac{1}{2}, \quad 2\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = 1\frac{3}{4}h$ 

- an average rate of 50 mi/h.

  a. Define a variable for the time traveled by the moving van.
- b. Write an expression for the time traveled by the car.c. Copy and complete the table.

Vehicle	Rate	Time	Distance Traveled	
Moving van				
Car				

- d. Write and solve an equation to find out how long it will take the car to catch up with the moving van.
- 10. A moving van leaves a house traveling at an average rate of 35 mi/h. The far leaves the house \(\frac{3}{4}\) hour later following the same route in a car. They travel a at an average rate of 320 miles per hour. The airplane then returns at a average rate of 280 miles per hour. The total travel time is 3 hours.
  - a. Define a variable for the flying time from New Orleans to Atlanta. V expression for the travel time from Atlanta to New Orleans.
  - b. Write and solve an equation to find the flying time from New Orlean to Atlanta.

- 14. John and William leave their home traveling in opposite directions on a straig hey ar
  - 15. Two bicyclists ride in opposite directions. The speed of the first bicyclist is 5 miles per hour faster than the second. ate. After 2 hours they are 70 miles apart. Find their rates. rate.

## **Opposite Direction Travel:**

Two people start at the same spot and travel in opposite directions. What is true about the distances traveled?

The distance they are apart equals the SUM of their distances.

## Opposite Direction Travel

Omar heads due east in his boat and sails for 4 hours. Dwayne heads due west in his boat 5 faster than Omar and sails for 3 hours.

When they both have stopped they are 127 miles apart.

What do you do with their distances

	Di	stance :	= Rate	Time		
Omar		1	~	4		
Dwayne	3	145/	1+5	3		

4r + 3(r+5) = |27| 4r + 3r+15 = |27| 7r+16 = |27| 7r=|17| 7r=|18|

Two planes leave the same airport at the same time traveling in opposite directions. One plane travels 40 mph slower than the other plane. After 6 hours they are 4560 miles apart. Find how fast each plane is traveling.

			ייע <i>ווי</i> י
	Distance :	= Rate	Time
P	6r		6
P2	6/4-40	r-40	9
	* ( ' ' /	mby	

Faveling. 
$$6r + 6(r-40) = 4560$$
  
 $6r + 6(r-40) = 4560$   
 $6r + 6r - 240 = 4560$   
 $12r = 4800$   
 $r = 400$ 

You can now finish Hwk #19 - due Thursday

Sec. 2-5

Pages: 108

Problems: #14, 15

IXL #7 - J.10 & J.11 due Friday at 4pm!

## Sect. 2.4 & 2.6 Quiz Review --

Find the exact solution to each.

1.) 
$$6-3(w+5)+7w=2(w-6)+2w-4$$
  
 $6-3w-15+7w=2w-12+2w-4$   
 $4w-9=4w-12+2w-4$   
 $-9=4w-12+2w-4$ 

$$H = B(R - WK) + G$$

$$H = G$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \underbrace{K}^{\text{Solve}} \underbrace{K}^{\text{Solve}} - K = X$$

$$\frac{mN+P}{\mathcal{E}} = \chi + K$$

$$mN+P = \mathcal{E}(\chi+K)$$

$$mN - \mathcal{E}(\chi+K) - P$$

$$N = \mathcal{E}(\chi+K) - P$$

$$N = \mathcal{E}(\chi+K) - P$$

4.) 
$$-3(x-1) + 8(x-3) = 6x + 7 - 5x$$
  
 $-3x + 3 + 8x - 24 = 6x + 7 - 5x$   
 $5x - 21 = x + 7$   
 $4x - 21 = 7$   
 $4x = 28$   
 $x = 7$ 

5.) 
$$4(-8x+5) = -32x-26$$
  
 $-32x+20=-32x-26$   
 $20 + -26$ 

6.) 
$$2(x-3) = \frac{1}{2}(4x-12)$$

$$2x - 6 = 2x - 6$$

$$-6 = -6x$$

7.) 
$$\frac{11}{2}p + 7 = \frac{3}{2}p + 35$$
 $-\frac{3}{2}p$ 
 $\frac{8}{7}p + 7 = 35$ 
 $4p + 7 = 35$ 
 $4p = 28$ 
 $4p = 28$ 
 $4p = 2$ 

8.) 
$$-2(2t+3) = -4(t+1)-2$$

$$-4t-6 = -4t-4-2$$

$$-6 = -6$$

9.) Solve for **B**. 
$$A(B-G) + Z = R - 2$$
  
 $A(B-G) = R - 2$   
 $B-G = \frac{R-2}{A}$   
 $B = \frac{Q-2}{A} + G$ 

10.) Solve for **W**. T = Q(RW - 2L)

$$\frac{T}{Q} = PW-2L$$

$$\frac{T}{Q} + 2L = W$$