

## Chapter 22 Reading Guide

## Section 1, pp. 730-735 Moving Toward Conflict

A. As you read this section, take notes to answer questions about how the United States slowly became involved in a war in Vietnam.

1941	Vietminh is formed	→	1. What did the Vietminh declare as its main goal?	
1945	Japan is forced out of Vietnam	→	2. What did Ho Chi Minh declare after Japan was forced out?	
1946	French troops return to southern Vietnam	→	3. How did Ho Chi Minh respond to the return of the French?	
1950	U.S. begins its involvement in the Vietnam struggle	→	4. Whom did the U.S. support?	5. What aid did the U.S. provide?
			6. Why did the U.S. get involved in the struggle?	
1954	Eisenhower introduces domino theory	→	7. What did Eisenhower compare to a row of dominoes?	
			8. What did this Vietminh victory cause the French to do?	
	Vietminh over-runs Dien Bien Phu	→	9. How did the Geneva Accords change Vietnam?	
	Geneva Accords are reached	→		
1956	Elections are canceled	→	10. Who canceled the Vietnamese elections? Why?	
1957	Vietcong begins attacks on Diem government			
1963	Diem is overthrown	→	11. What authority did the Tonkin Gulf Resolution grant to the U.S. president?	
1964	U.S. Congress adopts Tonkin Gulf Resolution			
1965	Operation Rolling Thunder is launched	→	12. What did Operation Rolling Thunder do in North Vietnam?	

B. Explain the importance of the Ho Chi Minh Trail in the Vietnam War.