

What does a polynomial look like in Factored Form?

1. Multiply  $(x + 4)(x + 9)$  then factor  $x^2 + 13x + 36$ .

2a. Multiply  $(x - 3)(x + 11)$ .

2b. What patterns do you notice between the numbers in the factored forms and the standard forms in the problems above? (ex: where did the 13 come from in #1?)

3. Factor  $x^2 - 12x + 32$

4. Factor  $2x^2 - 9x - 5$

5. Factor  $3x^2 + 5x - 12$

**You Try!**

6. Factor  $x^2 + 5x - 14$

7. Factor  $4x^2 + 8x - 5$

8. Factor  $x^2 - 81$ . Hint: what is the “b” value?

Factor each of the following using whichever method you prefer.

1.  $x^2 + 7x + 12$

2.  $x^2 + 10x + 16$

3.  $x^2 - 5x + 6$

4.  $2x^2 + 12x + 10$

5.  $2x^2 + 9x + 4$

6.  $3x^2 + 17x + 10$

7. Create your own Quadratic expression and factor it!