GUIDED READING Activity 10-3

For use with textbook pages 277–283

D

EFICITS, SURPLUSES, AND THE NATIONAL DEBT

OUTLINING

Directions: Locate the following headings in your textbook. Then use the information under the headings to help you write each answer. Use another sheet of paper if necessary.

- I. From Deficits to Debt
 - **A.** Predicting the Deficit—What factors affect the accuracy of the deficit projection?
 - **B.** Deficits Add to the Debt—What is the only way the annual budget can lower the federal debt?
 - C. A Growing Public Debt—Why do most economists tend to disregard trust fund balances?
 - **D.** Public vs. Private Debt—How much of the public debt is owed by foreigners?
- II. Impact of the National Debt
 - **A.** Transferring Purchasing Power—What happens to the purchasing power of individuals as a consequence of the national debt?
 - **B.** Reducing Economic Incentives—How can government spending reduce economic incentive?
 - **C.** Crowding Out—What is the crowding-out effect?
 - **D.** Redistributing Income—How can national debt and the tax structure affect the distribution of income?
- **III.** Reducing Deficits and the Debt
 - A. Legislative Failures—What was the 1990 Budget Enforcement Act's main feature?
 - **B.** Raising Revenues—What feature of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 helped to account for the 1998 budget surplus?
 - **C.** Reducing Spending—What is the connection between entitlements and mandatory spending in the federal budget?