- 1. This question has two parts. Answer Part A first. Then answer Part B.
- Part A What is the author's view of Margaret Bourke-White in this passage?
 - A She took many risks and managed to survive, but her work suffered because she moved around so often.
 - **B** She was a remarkable woman who used a camera to tell some important stories.
 - **C** She loved to travel and enjoyed new adventures, but she never settled down.
 - **D** She defied common traditions in business to become a woman photographer and make a fortune.

Part B Which sentence from the passage supports the answer to Part A?

- A In the early 1930s, the Soviet Union was largely closed to outsiders.
- **B** Born in New York City in 1904, Margaret learned to be brave and daring from her mother.
- **C** As *Life's* first staff photographer, she now had to learn to make news photographs.
- **D** Her famous photos of the camp's survivors brought the horrors of war home to Americans.
- 2. What is the main point of the photo called "World's Highest Standard of Living"?
 - A It contrasts the lives of prosperous Americans with poor people standing in a line waiting for food.
 - **B** It shows the ideal life that all Americans wanted to have in the 1930s.
 - C It suggests that people who work hard enough can be successful.
 - **D** It shows the difference between life in America and life in other countries.