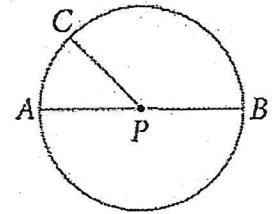


Notes

In a plane, a _____ is the set of all points equidistant from a given point called the _____.
You name a circle by its center. Circle P, $(\odot P)$ is shown at the right.

A _____ is a segment that has one endpoint at the center and the other endpoint on the circle. \overline{PC} is a radius. \overline{PA} and \overline{PB} are also radii.
_____ have congruent radii.



A _____ is a segment that contains the center of a circle and has both endpoints on the circle.
 \overline{AB} is a diameter.

A _____ is an angle whose vertex is the center of a circle. $\angle CPA$ is a central angle.

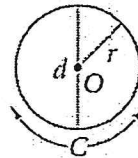
Circumferences of a Circle

Theorem 10-9

Circumference of a Circle

The circumference of a circle is π times the diameter.

$$C = \pi d \text{ or } C = 2\pi r$$



Find the circumference of each given circle. Leave your answers in terms of π .

