

I. If $m\angle 2 = 58^\circ$ and $m\angle 13 = 111^\circ$, then find the missing angle measures. $x \parallel m$, $z \parallel y$ JUSTIFY BELOW
IF YOU NEED MORE ROOM

55) $m\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

56) $m\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

57) $m\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

58) $m\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

59) $m\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

60) $m\angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

61) $m\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

62) $m\angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

63) $m\angle 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

64) $m\angle 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

65) $m\angle 11 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

66) $m\angle 12 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

67) $m\angle 13 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

68) $m\angle 14 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

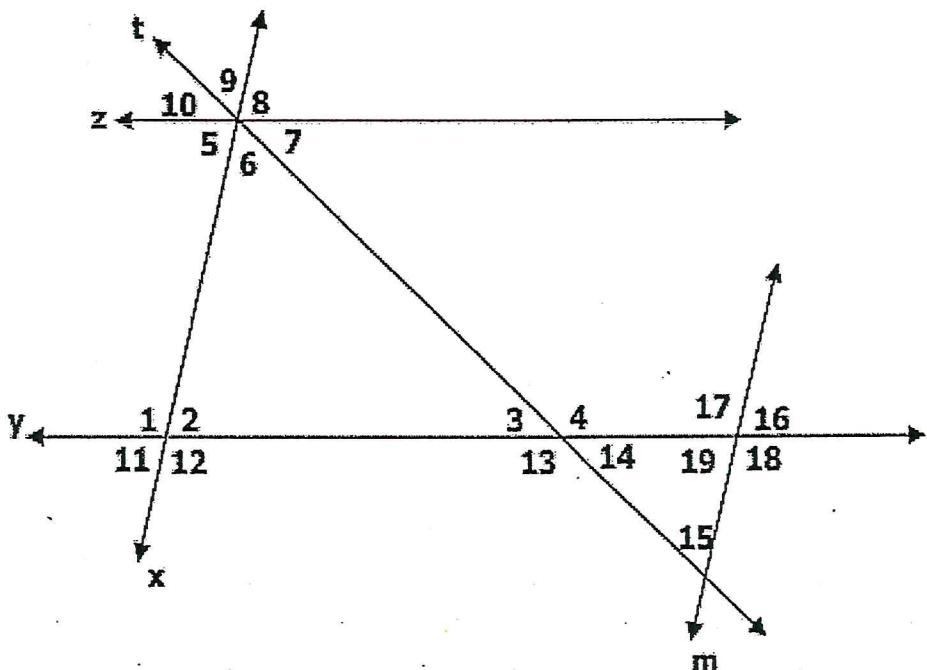
*69) $m\angle 15 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

70) $m\angle 16 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (16-19 look at line x and m)

71) $m\angle 17 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

72) $m\angle 18 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

73) $m\angle 19 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



your justifications to correlate to the problem above.
If you used a theorem or postulate, write it out. If you
used algebra or arithmetic, show your work