Hour: \_\_\_\_\_ ALGEBRA 2 SEMESTER 1 FINAL REVIEW

## Unit 1: Function Family

1) NC Draw a rough sketch of each of the parent functions

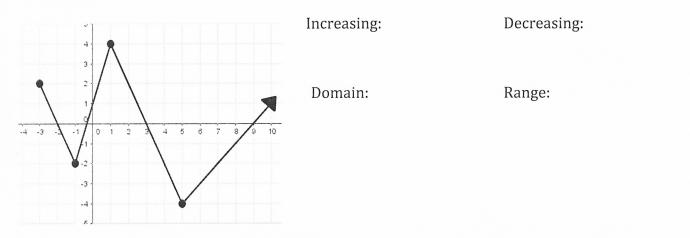
a) Linear	b) Absolute Value	c) Quadratic	d) Square Root
Equation:	Equation:	Equation:	Equation:
e) Cubic	f) Cube Root	g) Exponential Growth	h) Logarithmic
Equation:	Equation:	Equation:	Equation:

2) NC  $g(x) = b(x-m)^2 + r$ 

What happens to the function when....

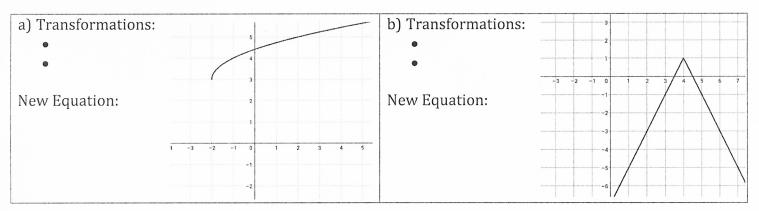
b > 1	m> 0	r> 0
0< b< 1	m< 0	r< 0
b< 0		

3) NC Find the requested information for the graph below. Make sure you use the correct parentheses and/or brackets.



Name:\_

4) NC For each graph below, list the transformations. Then, write the equation of the graph.



5) Find the domain & range for the following 2 functions: (Hint: It might help to draw a rough sketch!)

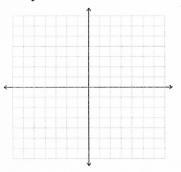
a)  $f(x) = 3(x-2)^2 - 5$ b)  $g(x) = \sqrt{x-5} + 2$ 

Unit 2: Systems

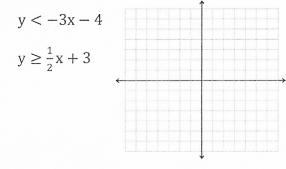
1) NC Solve the system by graphing.

5x + 3y = 9

x-3y=9



3) Graph the following system of inequalities.



2) NC Solve the system using any method.

5x+ y= 9

10x + 2y = 20

4) Are the points below a solution to

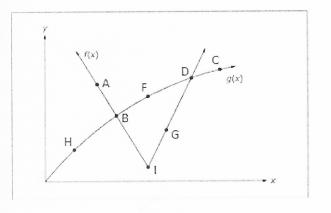
 $5x + 3y \ge 9?$ 

a. (-2, 10) b. (2, -3) c. (4, 3) d. (1, 1)

5) Maria is hosting a party. She places an order at Pizza Hut for 5 pizzas and 4 breadsticks for a total of \$51. Halfway through the party, she realizes that she will need one more pizza and 2 more order of breadsticks. This time she was given a total of \$15. How much does a pizza cost? How much does a breadstick cost?

6) NC Janelle is selling cookies (x) and brownies (y) at a bake sale. A cookie costs \$1.50 and a brownie costs \$2.00. She needs to make at least \$50 to make a profit but she only has 20 cookies to sell. Write a system of linear inequalities to model this problem. (You don't have to solve)

7) The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown. **A.REI.D.11** 



Solutions for	List <u>all</u> the points (2 pts each)
y = f(x)	
y = g(x)	
f(x) = g(x)	

8) Find where the system intersects:  $f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 10$ ; g(x) = x + 2

1) NC Simplify:  $36^{\frac{1}{2}}$ 

3) NC Convert to radical form:  $X^{\frac{4}{5}}$ 

5) NC Simplify:

a) √72

b) √200

7) NC Simplify:  $\frac{w^2 x y^{-3} z}{w^5 x^3 y^3 z^{-4}}$ 8) NC Simplify:  $\frac{x^{-3}y^2z}{x^2y^{-7}z}$ 

10) Solve  $\frac{1}{x^2+3x-18}$ 

12)  $\sqrt{90 - x} = x$ 

4) NC Convert to exponential form:  $\left(\sqrt[4]{x}\right)^3$ 

6) Simplify: 
$$X^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot X^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

2) NC Simplify:  $8^{\frac{2}{3}}$ 

9) NC Solve:  $\frac{4}{x} = \frac{-3}{x+8}$ 

11)  $\sqrt{3x-5} = 7$ 

13)  $\sqrt{x-5} = \sqrt{10-2x}$ 

10) Solve 
$$\frac{x^2 + 11x + 30}{x^2 + 11x + 30}$$

## Unit 4: Quadratics

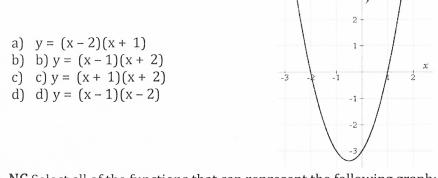
1) Which of the following equations shows the minimum or maximum of h(x)? Is it a max or min?

h(x) = 2(x+3)(x+1) $h(x) = 2(x+2)^2-2$  $h(x) = 2x^2+8x+6$ 

2) Factor to find the x-intercepts

a) 
$$x^2 - 13x + 30 = 0$$
  
b)  $x^2 + 5x - 14 = 0$ 

3) NC The graph below can be represented by which of the following equations:



4) NC Select all of the functions that can represent the following graph:

a)  $2x^{2}+4x+3$ b) 2(x + 3)(x + 1)c)  $2(x + 2)^{2}-2$ d) 2(x - 3)(x - 1)e)  $2x^{2}+8x+6$ f)  $2(x - 2)^{2}-2$ 

5) NC Solve the following equations using any method.

a)  $(p-6)^2 = 9$ b)  $x^2 - 11x + 19 = -5$ c)  $x^2 + 4x + 6 = 0$ 

-2

6) How many times does each of the following functions intersect the x-axis?

a) 
$$y = 3x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$$
  
b)  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x^2 - 4x + 3$   
c)  $f(x) = 2x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$