EUREKA MATH[™]TIPS FOR PARENTS

KEY CONCEPT OVERVIEW

In Lessons 13 through 16, students divide decimal numbers by one-digit whole numbers.

You can expect to see homework that asks your child to do the following:

- Solve division problems by using place value unit language (e.g., $0.42 \div 7 = 42$ hundredths $\div 7 = 6$ hundredths = 0.06).
- Divide decimals by drawing place value disks on the place value chart (as shown in the Sample Problem below).
- Divide decimals to the thousandths without leaving a remainder $(6.372 \div 6 = 1.062)$.
- Solve word problems.

SAMPLE PROBLEM (From Lesson 15)

Draw place value disks on the place value chart to solve. Show each step in the standard algorithm.





Additional sample problems with detailed answer steps are found in the Eureka Math Homework Helpers books. Learn more at GreatMinds.org.

HOW YOU CAN HELP AT HOME

- Practice and review basic division facts with your child.
- Challenge your child (and the rest of the family!) to division contests. You say a number from 1 to 10, and your child will say division sentences, using your number as the divisor. For example, you say 9, and she will say 90 ÷ 9 = 10, 81 ÷ 9 = 9, 72 ÷ 9 = 8, 63 ÷ 9 = 7, 54 ÷ 9 = 6, 45 ÷ 9 = 5, 36 ÷ 9 = 4, 27 ÷ 9 = 3, 18 ÷ 9 = 2, 9 ÷ 9 = 1, 0 ÷ 9 = 0). Take turns saying the numbers. First you give a number, then your child gives a number. Help each other to stay on track, and keep track of time to celebrate improvement.
- Practice finding the **quotient** with your child. You write the division sentence, and your child will say the division sentence, including the answer, in unit form. For example,

 $14 \div 2 = 14$ ones $\div 2 = 7$ ones $1.4 \div 2 = 14$ tenths $\div 2 = 7$ tenths $0.14 \div 2 = 14$ hundredths $\div 2 = 7$ hundredths

TERMS

Quotient: The number resulting from the division of two numbers. For example, in the division problem $5.4 \div 6 = 0.9$, the number 0.9 is the quotient.

