

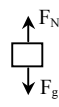
Action & Reaction: Equal & Opposite

Physics 1

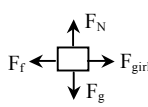
Forces and Interaction: Action-Reaction Pairs

In each case, draw a **free body diagram** of the object. For **every force** you draw, **identify the reaction force**.

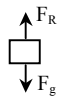
1. A book sitting at rest on a table.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Earth pulls down on Book Table pushes up on Book</i>	<i>Book pulls up on Earth Book pushes down on Table</i>

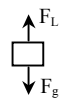
2. A girl pushing a book across a table.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Girl pushes Book forward Table pushes up on Book Table pulls back on Book Earth pulls down on Book</i>	<i>Book pushes back on Girl Book pushes down on Table Book pushes forward on Table Book pulls up on Earth</i>

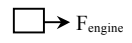
3. An apple falling from a tree. Include air resistance.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Earth pulls down on Apple Air pushes up on Apple</i>	<i>Apple pulls down on Earth Apple pushes down on Air</i>

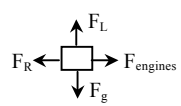
4. A helicopter hovering stationary in the air.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Earth pulls down on Helicopter Air pushes up on Helicopter</i>	<i>Helicopter pulls up on Earth Helicopter pushes down on Air</i>

5. A rocket flying through space.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Gas pushes Rocket forward</i>	<i>Rocket pushes Gas backward</i>

6. An airplane flying in a straight line through the air.

<u>FBD</u>	<u>Action</u>	<u>Reaction</u>
	<i>Earth pulls down on Plane Air pushes Plane forward Air pushes Plane upward Air pushes back on Plane</i>	<i>Plane pulls up on Earth Plane pushes Air backward Plane pushes Air downward Plane pushes Air forward</i>

Equal Force ≠ Equal Acceleration

7. A father (80 kg) and his young son (25 kg) are standing on ice. The son pushes his father backward with a force of 15 N. What will the father's acceleration be? What will the son's acceleration be?

$$a_F = F_{SF} / m_F = (15 \text{ N}) / (80 \text{ kg}) = 0.1875 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{SF} = \underline{15 \text{ N}}, a_F = \underline{0.188 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$a_S = F_{FS} / m_S = (15 \text{ N}) / (25 \text{ kg}) = 0.6 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{FS} = \underline{15 \text{ N}}, a_S = \underline{0.6 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

8. A person firing a rifle (80 kg) fires a bullet (mass = 0.030 kg). The bullet is fired forward with an acceleration of 10,000 m/s². How much backwards acceleration does the person experience?

$$F_{PB} = m_B * a_B = (0.030 \text{ kg}) * (10,000 \text{ m/s}^2) = 300 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{PB} = \underline{300 \text{ N}}, a_B = \underline{10,000 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$a_P = F_{BP} / m_P = (300 \text{ N}) / (80 \text{ kg}) = 3.75 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{PB} = \underline{300 \text{ N}}, a_P = \underline{3.75 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

9. A person (70 kg) takes a step forward on an airplane (300,000 kg) with an acceleration of 3 m/s². How much backwards acceleration does the airplane experience as a result of the person stepping forward?

$$F_{AP} = m_P * a_P = (70 \text{ kg}) * (3 \text{ m/s}^2) = 210 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{AP} = \underline{210 \text{ N}}, a_P = \underline{3 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$a_A = F_{PA} / m_A = (210 \text{ N}) / (300,000 \text{ kg}) = 0.0007 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{PA} = \underline{210 \text{ N}}, a_A = \underline{0.0007 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

10. What is all 200 people on the airplane took a step forward at the same time? What would the resulting force and acceleration on the airplane be then?

$$F_{PA} = 200 * (210 \text{ N}) = 42,000 \text{ N} \rightarrow a_A = F_{PA} / m_A = (42,000 \text{ N}) / (300,000 \text{ kg}) = 0.14 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{PA} = \underline{42,000 \text{ N}}, a_A = \underline{0.14 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

11. A person (70 kg) jumps off of a building and falls with an acceleration of 9.8 m/s². How fast does the Earth (6 x 10²⁴ kg) accelerate upwards towards him?

$$F_{EP} = m_P * g = (70 \text{ kg}) * (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) = 686 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{EP} = \underline{686 \text{ N}}, a_P = \underline{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$a_E = F_{PE} / m_E = (686 \text{ N}) / (6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}) = 1.14 \times 10^{-22} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$F_{PE} = \underline{686 \text{ N}}, a_E = \underline{1.14 \times 10^{-22} \text{ m/s}^2}$$

12. How far does the person fall towards the Earth in 1 second? How far does the Earth move towards the person in 1 second?

$$d_P = \frac{1}{2} a_P t^2 = \frac{1}{2} (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (1 \text{ s})^2 = 4.9 \text{ m}$$

$$d_P = \underline{4.9 \text{ m}}$$

$$d_E = \frac{1}{2} a_E t^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1.14 \times 10^{-22} \text{ m/s}^2) (1 \text{ s})^2 = 5.7 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}$$

$$d_E = \underline{5.7 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}}$$

(this is about ten trillion times smaller than the width of an atom!)

13. What if all 6 billion (6 x 10⁹) people on Earth jumped of a building at the same time on the same side of the Earth. What would be the acceleration then?

$$F_{PE} = (6,000,000,000) * (686 \text{ N}) = 4.11 \times 10^{12} \text{ N}$$

$$F_{PE} = \underline{4.11 \times 10^{12} \text{ N}}$$

$$\rightarrow a_E = F_{PE} / m_E = (4.11 \times 10^{12} \text{ N}) / (6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}) = 6.86 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_E = \underline{6.86 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m/s}^2}$$

14. How far would the Earth move in 1 second as a result of everyone jumping at once?

$$d_E = \frac{1}{2} a_E t^2 = \frac{1}{2} (6.86 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m/s}^2) (1 \text{ s})^2 = 3.43 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}$$

$$d_E = \underline{3.43 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m}}$$

(this is STILL about one thousand times smaller than the width of an atom!!!)